# **GP1S39**

### ■ Features

1. Ultra-compact package

2. PWB mounting type

3. Double-phase phototransistor output type for detecting of rotation direction and count

4. Wide gap between light emitter and

detector: 1.5mm 5. Slit width: 0.8mm 6. Detecting pitch: 0.6mm

## ■ Applications

1. Mouses

2. Cameras

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
	Forward current	$I_F$	50	mA	
Input	Reverse voltage	VR	6	V	
	Power dissipation	P	75	mW	
Output	Collector amittar valtage	$V_{CE_1O}$	35	V	
	Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CE2</sub> O	33	V	
	Emitter-collector voltage	$V_{E_1CO}$	6	V	
	Ellitter-collector voltage	$V_{E_2CO}$	U	<b>V</b>	
	Collector current	Ic	20	mA	
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	75	mW	
	Total power dissipation	P tot	100	mW	
	Operating temperature	Topr	- 25 to + 85	°C	
	Storage temperature	Tstg	- 40 to + 100	°C	
	*1Soldering temperature	$T_{sol}$	260	°C	

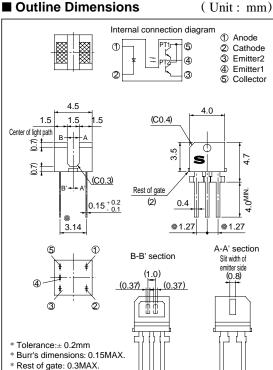
<sup>\*1</sup> For 5 seconds

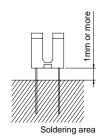
# Subminiature, Double-phase **Output, Wide Gap Photointerrupter**

### **■** Outline Dimensions

\* ( ): Reference dimensions \* The dimensions indicated by # refer to those measured from the lead base.

resin marked





\* Internal elements are appeared because of thin external mold

# **■** Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage		VF	$I_F = 20 mA$	-	1.2	1.4	V
Reverse current		$I_R$	$V_R = 3V$	-	-	10	μΑ
Collector dark current		$I_{CEO}$	$V_{\text{CE}} = 20V$	-	-	100	nA
Collector current		$I_{\mathrm{C}}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$ , $I_F = 4mA$	130	-	520	μΑ
Collector current ratio		$I_{C1}/I_{C2}$	$V_{CE} = 5V$ , $I_F = 4mA$	0.67	-	1.5	-
Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	$I_F=8mA,I_C=50~\mu$ A	-	-	0.4	V
Response time	Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{ CE} = 5 V,  I_{ C} = 100 \; \mu \; A$	-	50	150	μs
	Fall time	$t_{\mathrm{f}}$	$R_{\rm L}=1000\Omega$	-	50	150	μs
	Forward voltage Reverse current Collector dark current Collector current Collector current ratio Collector-emitter saturatio	Forward voltage  Reverse current  Collector dark current  Collector current  Collector current ratio  Collector-emitter saturation voltage  Response time	Forward voltage $V_F$ Reverse current $I_R$ Collector dark current $I_{CEO}$ Collector current $I_C$ Collector current ratio $I_{C1/I_{C2}}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage $V_{CE(sat)}$ Response time $I_C$	Forward voltage $V_F$ $I_F = 20mA$ Reverse current $I_R$ $V_R = 3V$ Collector dark current $I_{CEO}$ $V_{CE} = 20V$ Collector current $I_C$ $V_{CE} = 5V, I_F = 4mA$ Collector current ratio $I_{C1}/I_{C2}$ $V_{CE} = 5V, I_F = 4mA$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage $V_{CE(sat)}$ $I_F = 8mA, I_C = 50 \mu A$ Response time $I_C$ $I$	Forward voltage $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Forward voltage $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

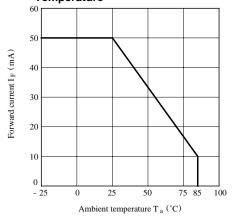


Fig. 3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

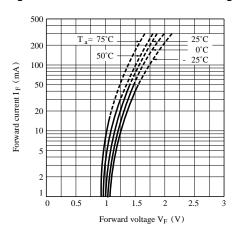


Fig. 2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

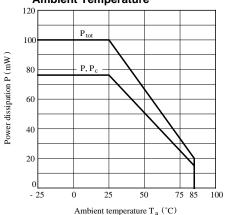
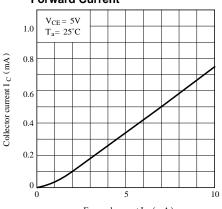


Fig. 4 Collector Current vs.
Forward Current



Forward current I  $_F$  (mA)



Fig. 5 Collector Current vs.
Collector-emitter Voltage

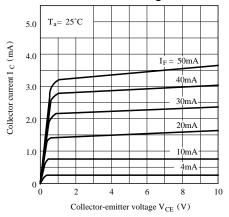


Fig. 7 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

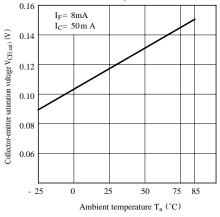


Fig. 9 Response Time vs. Load Resistance

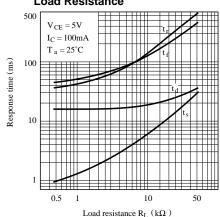


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs.
Ambient Temperature

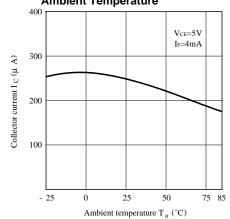
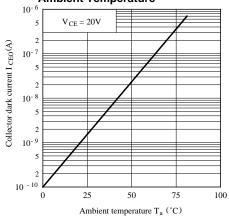


Fig. 8 Collector Dark Current vs.
Ambient Temperature



**Test Circuit for Response Time** 

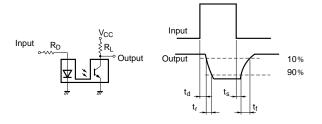


Fig.10 Relative Collector Current vs. Shield Distance (1)

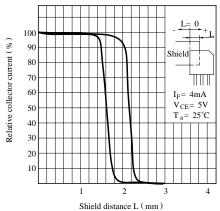
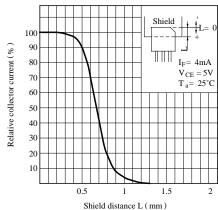


Fig.11 Relative Collector Current vs. Shield Distance (2)



• Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use".

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  - Alarm equipment
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